

The RIGHT FIT can make a big difference.

Life Jackets



- Use U.S. Coast Guard-approved life jackets.
- Choose a life jacket that is the right size for your child according to their weight:
 - Infant jackets (8 to 30 lbs.)
 - Child jackets (30 to 50 lbs.)
 - Youth jackets (50 to 90 lbs.)

Bike Helmets



- Wear a properly fitted bike helmet for every ride:
 - Your child should be able to see the helmet when they look up.
 - The straps should make a "V" under their ears.
 - The chin strap should feel snug when they open their mouth wide.



A U.S. Coast Guard-approved life jacket means that it has met standards of proper buoyancy and construction.



Properly-fitted helmets can reduce the risk of head injuries by at least 45 percent.

Booster Seats



- A booster seat provides a step between a car seat with a harness and a seat belt.
- The seat belt must lie flat across your child's chest, across the bony part of their shoulder, and lie low on the hips or upper thighs.
- The shoulder belt should not be placed under the child's arm or behind their back.



Children seated in a booster seat are 45 percent less likely to be injured in a crash than children using a seat belt alone.

Baby Sleep Environments



- Place babies on their backs for sleep in their own sleep space with no other people.
- Use a crib, bassinet or portable play yard with a firm, flat mattress and a fitted sheet for naps and at night.
- Keep blankets, pillows, toys, bumpers and other soft items out of the sleeping space.



Unintentional suffocation is the leading cause of injury-related death among children under 1 year old.



SAFE K:DS WORLDWIDE